

ANHANG – APPENDIX
ALBUM D'UN VOYAGEUR

I Impressions et Poésies

à M^r F. de L*****

1. LYON

Vivre en travaillant ou mourir en combattant.

I. LYON

Allegro eroico

ff marcato

precipitato

fff molto energico sempre

ten.

sf ten.

tremolando

*) ===== = Ruhepunkt, doch weniger, als eine Fermate.
(Liszts Anmerkung)

*) == = Pause of less duration than a fermata. (Liszt's own note)

16 ten. sf 12 12 12 12 Dec. * Dec. * Dec. * Dec. *

18 sf Dec. * Dec. * Dec. *

20 Dec.

22 tr. martellato ten. ten. Dec. *

25 6 6 marc. 6 6 rinforz. ten. ten. *

*) — = Decrescendo der Bewegung. (Liszts Anmerkung)

*) — = Decrease in movement. (Liszt's own note)

28

6

sf

sf

sf

6

6

31

sf

34

un poco riten. il tempo

ff

rinforz.

pesante

sf

Deo.

*

Deo.

*

38

tr

meno f ma sempre marcato la melodia

mf

molto rinforz.

41

rinforz.

sf

sf

sempre più f

Deo.

*

Deo.

rinforz.

Deo.

*

44 *ten.* *ten.* *sf* *sf* *fff* *secco*

ten. *ten.* *Red.* *Red.* *Red.* *Red.*

8 11

47 *très mesuré* *tr* *tr*

mp

51 *tr* *tr^b* *tr[#]*

55 *un poco riten. il tempo* *45342 tr* *tr^b* *sotto voce*

Red. *Red.* *Red.*

59 *poco ritard.* *espr. dolente*

Red. *Red.*

63 *sotto voce lugubre*

67 *molto espressivo* *smorzando* *p agitato*

70 *poco a poco riten.* *poco a poco accelerando simile*

73 *sempre più cresc. ed agitato*

76

79

8

8

[8]

85

sf *accelerando il tempo*

sf *sempre ff e con strepito*

Red.

[illegible]

94 *sf rinforz.* *velocissimo* *egualmente* *tumultuoso* *ten.* *tr*

Lev. *Lev.* *Lev.*

97 *ten.* *rinforz.* *tr*

Lev. *Lev.* *Lev.*

100

Lev. *Lev.*

102

Lev. *Lev.*

104

Lev. *Lev.* *Lev.* *Lev.* *Lev.*

107 *tutta forza*

110

113 *sf martellato*

116 *sf* *fff marcatisimo il tema*

Ossia

119 *rinforz.* *sf*

122

rinforz.

Led.

6

3

6

125

rinforz. molto

Led.

6

3

6

128

rinforz.

tremolando

Led.

6

8

Ossia

131

sf

Led.

6

8

134 8

Red. 6 Red. 6 Red.

136 8

Red. 6 Red. 6 Red.

139

p sotto voce

Red. 6 Red. 6 Red.

143

cresc.

molto cresc. rinforz.

Red. 6 Red. 6 Red.

*) Das Zeichen  bedeutet gleichsam thematische Hervorhebung der betreffenden Notengruppe.

**) Die eigenartige Schreibweise in den inneren Stimmen der linken Hand verdeutlicht hier und in den folgenden zwei Takten die *tenuto*-Spielweise, eine gewisse Hervorhebung dieser Stimmen, die samt dem Arpeggio auszuführen ist. Neben der Hervorhebung der inneren Stimmen müssen die Sechzehntel rhythmisch und ausdrucksvoll erklingen.

*) The sign  indicates what amounts to an emphasis on the thematic nature of the group of notes concerned.

**) Here and in the following two bars the special way of writing the left hand's inner parts indicates a *tenuto* performance of these parts and a certain emphasis on them which even along with the arpeggio must be carried out. Beside the emphasis of the inner parts the semiquavers must sound rhythmic and expressive.

146

tr^b tr^{bb} tr^b tr^b

più f

tr^b tr^{bb} tr^b tr^b

151

tr

a piacere

f

simile

6

Ossia

8

Reo.

154

espressivo dolente

Reo.

158

sotto voce lugubre

un poco marcato

Reo.

162

riten.

166

p

Led.

Led.

Led.

Led.

170

cresc.

Led.

174

8

acceler. il tempo

molto

ff tremolando

Led.

178

8

ff

marcato

sf

Led.

182

8

sf

ff

ten.

ten.

Led.

Led.

à Blandine***

4. LES CLOCHES DE G*****

... Minuit dormait; le lac
était tranquille, les cieux étoilés ...
nous voguions loin du bord.

I live not in myself, but I become
Portion of that around me; ...
(Byron)

Lento

pp

lunga pausa

The score is for a piece in 6/8 time, marked 'Lento'. It begins with a piano (pp) dynamic. The melody in the treble clef consists of a series of eighth notes and rests, with a long pause indicated by a wavy line. The bass line features a single eighth note followed by a long rest. The piece concludes with a 'lunga pausa' (long pause) and a final wavy line.

5

pp dolcissimo legato

una corda

Ped. *Ped.* *Ped.* *Ped.*

[illegible]

*) ——— = Decrescendo der Bewegung. (Liszts Anmerkung)

*) ——— = Decrease in movement. (Liszt's own note)

24

ppp

Rev. * Rev. * Rev. * Rev. *

30 *simile*

sempre pp

semplice

35

poco cresc. .

Rev. * Rev.

40

Rev. * Rev. * Rev. * Rev. *

45 *poco ritard. .*

sempre dolce

tre corde

Rev. * Rev. * con Rev.

50

55

poco cresc.

60

un poco agitato
sans marquer les syncopes
sempre legatissimo

p

m.s.

64

68

poco a poco più cresc.

ed appassionato

72 *agitato assai* 8 *rall. - - - - -*
dim. subito Cloche
 rinforz. p
 Led. * Led. * Led. * Led. * Led. * Led.

77 *dolcissimo tranquillo* *perdendosi*
 pp Led.

84 *sempre dolcissimo*
 Led.

91 *poco riten. - - - - -*
 morendo Led.

97 *poco riten. - - - - -*
 morendo Led.

104

pp dolcissimo *espress. amorosamente*

con Ped.

110

116

dim.

sempre pp

122

128

Cloche

5

*) Die doppelt behaltene Note verlangt einen kleinen Nachdruck.

**)  = Crescendo der Bewegung. (Liszt's Anmerkung)

*) The stem drawn also downwards indicates a small accent.

**)  = Increase in movement. (Liszt's own note)

134 *affrettando*

Cloche

cresc.

Dev.

139

molto espressivo

Dev.

142 *accelerando il tempo*

Dev.

147

Dev.

151 *accelerando*

sempre più cresc.

Dev.

molto animato il tempo

[illegible]

160 8 ten.

Allegro appassionato

p dolce

164

Handwritten musical score for measures 164-168. The score is written on two staves (treble and bass clef) with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The melody is in the treble clef, and the accompaniment is in the bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing triplets. There are handwritten annotations below the staff: 'Rea' under measure 164, a flower symbol under measure 165, 'Rea' under measure 166, a flower symbol under measure 167, and 'Rea' under measure 168. A double bar line is present between measures 166 and 167.

[illegible]

179

8

Leo. * Leo. * Leo. *

182 ancora più animato (quasi presto)

Leo. * Leo. * Leo. *

più cresc.

188

8

ff marcatisissimo

Leo. * Leo. * Leo. *

193

8

rinforz.

Leo. * Leo. * Leo. *

198 poco a poco rallentando

poco a poco diminuendo

rinforz.

Leo. rinforz. *

203 *Andantino*
dolcissimo
una corda
Red. * *Red.* * *Red.* *

209
leggerissimo 21
Red. * *Red.* * *Red.*

214
 12 15 21
sempre leggerissimo
 * *Red.* *

217
 8 13 13 13 22
Red.

219
 *) *cantando espressivo*
 *

*) Die ungewohnte Notierungsweise und rhythmische Einteilung in den Quellen wurde genau befolgt: Die dem metrischen Vorgang der linken Hand zugeordneten Gruppen in der rechten Hand sind bei genauer Einhaltung des Untersatzes zu spielen. Die detaillierte und genaue Einteilung der in der Stimme der rechten Hand befindlichen 45 ideellerweise gleichwertigen Zweiunddreißigsteltöne würde das Notenbild überflüssigerweise komplizieren.

*) We have followed precisely the irregular notation and rhythmic distribution given in our sources: the subordinate groups in the left hand metrical process is to be played keeping exactly to the notes under one another in the right hand. The notation would be unduly complicated by detailed and precise distribution of the 45 ideally equal demisemiquavers in the right hand.

[illegible]

222

The image shows a musical score for two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Both staves have a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The score is divided into two measures. Measure 222 (labeled '222' at the top left) shows a complex melodic line in the treble staff and a simple accompaniment in the bass staff. Measure 223 continues the melody and accompaniment. The notation includes various note values, rests, and accidentals.

228

8

26

poco rinforz.

rinforz.

21

poco rinforz.

poco a poco rall.

230 *delicatamente*

232 *ritard.* *smorzando* *come prima* *dolce*

236 *poco cresc.*

241

*) Die Sechzehntel in der rechten Hand können auf die nächsten drei Takte (230–232) gleichmäßig verteilt gespielt werden, obwohl im ersten (unter Zurechnung der Sechzehntelpause) 21, im zweiten 24 und im dritten wieder 21 Sechzehntelwerte untergebracht sind. Wir folgen genau der Notierungsweise Liszts, der für diese Notengruppe – außer daß er die Verbalkung dieser drei Takte in der rechten Hand miteinander verband und die 24 Werte des Taktes 231 nicht als Zweiunddreißigstel notierte – ein *rallentando* verlangt.

*) The right hand semiquavers can be evenly divided over the following three bars (230–232) in spite of there being 21, counting the semiquaver rest as well, in the first, 24 in the second, and in the third once more 21 semiquavers, Liszt, whose notation we have followed precisely, prescribed this way of playing them not only by joining the beams in these three bars (right hand) and by not using demisemiquaver notation for the 24 notes in bar 231, but also by the *rallentando*.

245 8

dim. ppp sans presser

249 8

dolcissimo

253 8

257

sempre dolcissimo

261

perdendosi

4 4

4 4

265 8

rallentando

Lento

pp

7. PSAUME

de l'église à Genève

» Come un cerf brame après des eaux courantes,
ainsi mon âme soupire après toi, ô Dieu!
Mon âme a soif de Dieu,
du Dieu fort et vivant! «

(Psaume 42)

Andante (alla breve)

Musical score for the first system, measures 1-9. The tempo is *Andante (alla breve)*. The music is in B-flat major (two flats) and common time (C). The upper staff (treble clef) features a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the lower staff (bass clef) provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and moving lines. The instruction "dolce, sotto voce" is written above the first few measures.

dolce, sotto voce

10

Musical score for the second system, measures 10-18. The tempo remains *Andante (alla breve)*. The music continues with similar textures. The instruction "f largamente" is written above the first measure of this system. There are some dynamic markings like accents and slurs.

f largamente

19

Musical score for the third system, measures 19-28. The tempo remains *Andante (alla breve)*. The music continues with similar textures. The instruction "dolce, sotto voce" is written above the first measure of this system. There are some dynamic markings like accents and slurs.

dolce, sotto voce

29

Musical score for the fourth system, measures 29-37. The tempo remains *Andante (alla breve)*. The music continues with similar textures. The instruction "arpeggiato" is written above the last few measures of this system.

arpeggiato

40

rinforz. più cresc.

48

m.s. m.s. 51 51 51 51 51 51 8

energico

un poco riten.

55

p molto espressivo

61

Led. Led. Led. Led.

65

Led. Led. Led. Led. 8 4

à Madame H. Reiset

II Fleurs mélodiques des Alpes

Allegro

1 *p dolce*

Ossia

7 *giocoso* *mf*

14

Ossia
20 *arpeggiando* *p leggiero* *cresc.* *sf*

28 *allegramente ben marcato* *p dolce* *rinforz.*

2 3 ten. 2 3

35 *p dolce* *sempre scherzando* *ten.*

8

41 *ten.* *dim.* *ten.* **)*

46 *sempre ben marcato* *rinforz.* *ten.*

8

51 *poco a poco* *cre -* *- scen -* *- do -*

8

*) — = Decrescendo der Bewegung. (Liszts Anmerkung)

*) — = Decrease in movement. (Liszt's own note)

56

ff molto fuocoso

p dolce

63

giocosso

mf

70

Ossia

76

p leggiero

cresc.

sf

84

f sempre

2

Lento

f dolente

p eco

una corda

Animato

pp

tre corde

7

dolce

12

8

10

pp

armonioso plaintivo *)

13

poco rinforz.

molto dim.

17

Allegro vivace

ppp leggiero

p leggiero

ten.

*) *plaintivo* = klagend (lamentoso)

*) *plaintivo* = plaintively (lamentoso)

21

giocoso

ten.

28

Piu animato

ten.

sf

p poco - a - poco -

34

cresc. - - - molto - ff con fuoco

40

sempre più cresc.

46

sf sf sf sf mp rinforz.

*) Die ungewöhnlicherweise untergebrachten Bindebögen in den Takten 43–46 sowie 126–129 in der linken Hand machen – außer der Zusammenschließung von je zwei Akkorden – auf die ständige Anwesenheit der Septimöne, als ein Mittel der Steigerung aufmerksam.

*) The irregular positioning of the left hand slurs in bars 43–46 and 126–129, apart from connecting two pairs of chords, draws attention to the continuous presence of the sevenths, as one means of intensification.

53

p

dolce scherzando

60

sempre più p

66

dolce armonioso

rall.

74

pp

Andante

mf tristamente

82

89 Animato

89 *p* 3 2 3 2

92 *[♩=♩]* a piacere

92 *pp*

[♩=♩]

94 *cresc. molto* 8 *f vibrato* *più cresc.* *ff*

98 *sf* *sf*

Allegro vivace

101 *p* *leggero* *ten.* *ten.*

107 *giocoso* *ten.* *ten.* *ten.* *ten.*

Più animato

114 *sf* *p* poco a poco cresc. - - - - - molto - -

120 *ff con fuoco*

127 *sf sf sf sf mp*
sempre più cresc.

134 *rinforz. p dolce e scherzando*

142 *sempre più p*

150 *dolce armonioso rall. pp*

Allegro pastorale

3 *pp* *dolcissimo* *una corda*

4 *un poco più f* *tre corde*

8 *molto dim.* *poco rinforz.*

13 *molto dim. smorz.*

18 *pp* *dolcissimo* *una corda*

*) — = Decrescendo der Bewegung. (Liszt's Anmerkung)

*) — = Decrease in movement. (Liszt's own note)

21

L'istesso tempo

f marcato

tre corde

27

pp subito

38

p scherzoso

48

57

65

f marcato

pp subito

76

p

87

poco riten.

Come prima

un poco marcato

più f

97

dim.

sempre più dim.

103

smorz.

pp leggerissimo

109

pp

una corda

dolcissimo

5 2 3 3

12

114

un poco più f

tre corde

6

4

118

molto dim.

poco rinforz.

4

124

Poco ritenuto

molto dim. smorz.

pp

una corda

12

8

130

dolcissimo

perdendosi

5 2 3 3

Andante con sentimento

4

dolce

dolce armonioso

6

3

p semplice

12

sempre dolce

17

simile

sempre più dim. -

smorz. -

riten.

Allegretto

22

pp

misterioso

29

sempre p

ten. poco a poco cresc.

36

Poco a poco animato il tempo fino al allegro moderato

ten. più cresc. ten.

42

sempre più cresc. ten. ten. ten. ten. molto rinf. ten.

47

ff marcatissimo dim. subito

52

p sotto voce

57 *ten.* *espressivo* *ten.*

62 *cresc. molto* *sf* *ten.*

67 *ten.* *ten.* *ten.*

72 *fff* *Allegro moderato* *ten.* *ten.*

77 *dim.* *dolcissimo* *sempre arpeggiando*

83

sempre legato

89

**)*

ancora più p

95

rall. molto

Andante con sentimento

smorzando

molto espressivo

p

100

riten.

sempre più dolce

8

105

molto riten.

pp dolcissimo

8

*) Die punktierten Halben in den Takten 89 und 91 sind bis zum 4. Achtel des jeweils folgenden Taktes zu halten.

*) The dotted minims in bars 89 and 91 should be held until the 4th quaver of the following bar.

Andante molto espressivo

ritard. . .

5

mf dolente

4

ritard. . .

smorz.

rall. . .

(d'après F. Huber)

9

tremolando sempre

p molto espressivo il canto

11

13

cresc. . .

15

smorz. *p*

17. ben marcato il canto

19

21

23

dim.

*) Die durch die große Fermate verlängerte Zeitdauer des 2. Viertels ist durch Fortsetzung des Tremolos in unverändertem Tempo auszufüllen.

*) The duration of the 2nd crotchet, lengthened by the long fermata should be filled out by continuing the tremolo without altering the tempo.

25

Measures 25-26 of a musical score. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The treble clef staff contains a continuous eighth-note melody. The bass clef staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth and sixteenth notes, including some beamed sixteenth notes.

27

Measures 27-28. Measure 27 features a long, expressive slur over the treble staff, with a few notes visible. The bass staff continues with a similar rhythmic pattern. Measure 28 shows the continuation of the treble staff's melodic line and the bass staff's accompaniment.

29

poco a poco cresc. -

Measures 29-30. The treble staff continues with a steady eighth-note melody. The bass staff has a consistent rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction "poco a poco cresc. -" is written below the treble staff, indicating a gradual increase in volume.

31

Measures 31-32. The treble staff features a melodic line with some rests and slurs. The bass staff continues with a rhythmic accompaniment. The overall texture is consistent with the previous measures.

33

molto cresc. -

Measures 33-36. The treble staff shows a melodic line with some rests and slurs. The bass staff features a rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction "molto cresc. -" is written below the treble staff, indicating a more pronounced increase in volume. Measure 36 includes a triplet of eighth notes in the treble staff.

35

Ossia più facile *)

37

- sf - - - - - fff appassionato assai

39

*) Die Quellen enthalten hier sowie in den Takten 98–101 verschiedene *Ossias*. Die zweite mögliche Variante hierzu:

*) Here (and in bars 98–101) the sources contain different *ossias*. The other possible version is:

This image shows the first system of a musical score, measures 41 through 49. The music is written for piano in B-flat major (two flats) and 3/4 time. The system consists of five staves. Measures 41-42 show a transition with a key signature change to B major (two sharps) indicated by a double sharp on the F. Measures 43-46 are marked 'molto energico ed appassionato' and feature rapid sixteenth-note passages in both hands, with triplets in the right hand. Measure 47 is marked 'piangendo' and features a melodic line in the right hand with a fermata, while the left hand plays a rhythmic accompaniment. Measures 48-49 continue the melodic and rhythmic themes, with a dynamic marking of 'pp' (pianissimo) in measure 49.

51 $8\frac{7}{8}$

dim.

53

rinforz.

10 10 10

55

poco rall.

pp

10 10 10 10 10

57

p sotto voce

estinto

Adagio 60

dolce cantando

66

dolcissimo placido

sempre dolcissimo

5 3

73 *ritard.* *poco a poco ritard.* *ppp*

80 *espressivo* *riten. molto* *Con molto agitazione* *p*

86

88 *poco a poco cresc.*

90

*) = Ruhepunkt, doch weniger, als eine Fermate. (Liszt's Anmerkung)

Das *ritard.* bezieht sich hier, in Ergänzung des obigen Zeichens für die rechte Hand, ausschließlich auf die zwei Sechzehntel der linken Hand.

*) = Pause of less duration than the fermata (Liszt's own note)

Here the *ritard.* refers exclusively to the two semi-quavers of the left hand, to complement the above marking in the right hand.

92

molto cresc. -

94

96

sf -

98 Ossia più facile *)

fff

Rit.

fff avec exaltation

*) Vgl. die Bemerkung zu Takt 38.

*) Cf. note to bar 38.

100

Musical score for measures 100-101. The score is written for piano in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. Measure 100 features a treble staff with a whole note chord (G4, B4, D5) and a bass staff with a whole note chord (G2, B1, D2). Measure 101 is a complex passage with sixteenth-note runs and triplets in both staves. A dashed line with an '8' above it indicates an octave transposition for the right hand in the second measure of 101.

102

molto energico ed appassionato

Musical score for measures 102-103. Both staves feature continuous sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 102 includes triplets in the bass staff. Measure 103 continues the energetic sixteenth-note texture.

104

Musical score for measures 104-105. Measures 104 and 105 consist of sixteenth-note runs in both staves, with triplets marked in the bass staff of measure 104.

106

piangendo

Musical score for measures 106-107. Measure 106 continues the sixteenth-note texture. Measure 107 features a change in texture with a half note in the treble and a half note in the bass, both marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. A fermata is placed over the treble staff. A hairpin crescendo is shown below the bass staff, labeled with *rfz* (rassente) and *p*.

108

pp

Musical score for measures 108-109. Measure 108 has a half note in the treble and a half note in the bass, both marked with a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic. Measure 109 features sixteenth-note runs in both staves.

110

8

dim.

112

114

8

rinforz.

10

116

poco rall.

pp

smorz.

p sotto voce

10

118

estinto

Allegro moderato

6

p sotto voce *cresc. poco a poco*

9

sf *p*

19

cresc. poco a poco *cresc. molto*

28

sf *sf allegamente* *sf cresc.*

37

sf

44 8

Adagio molto espressivo

mf semplice

52

rinforz.

60

rall. .

Allegro animato

dolce

allegramente

67

poco a poco cre- - scen - - do

75

dolce

83

poco a poco cre - - - scen - - - do molto -

91

99 Presto

sf marcato

103

sempre staccato e marcato

stringendo

107

molto rinforzando

Allegro deciso

ten.

ff molto energico

ten.

111

sempre ff

rinforz.

115

118

121

fff

125

129

fff

sf

Ritornello (ad libitum)

133

Come prima

mf semplice

riten.

smorz.

Allegretto

7 *p animato* *ten.* *ten.*

7 *poco riten.*

15 *dolce scherzando* *più f con fuoco*

21 **Un poco rall.* *dolce con sentimento*

28 *poco ritard.*

*) Das *un poco rall.* bedeutet hier keine stufenweise Verlangsamung, sondern ein etwas zurückgehaltene Tempo (*poco meno mosso*).

*) Here the *un poco rall.* indicates not a gradual deceleration but a slightly held back tempo (*poco meno mosso*).

37 *poco riten.*)*

47 *Un poco più animato (Tempo I)*

p scherzando *più f*

53 *p capricciosamente*

60 *sempre p e leggero*

69

*) Das *poco riten.* bedeutet hier ausnahmsweise eine stufenweise Verlangsamung (vgl. Takte 31–33).

*) Here the *poco riten.* indicates, exceptionally, a gradual slowing down (cf. bars 31–33).

poco a poco accel.

77

p tremolando

ten. marcato

ten.

ten.

Ossia

81

sempre più rinforzando.

Tempo giusto (Allegretto)

85

ff molto energico

ten.

simile

91

Vivo

98

p leggiero

103

f con fuoco

8

Ritornello ad libitum

107

p dolce con grazia

Ossia
112

Un poco riten.

sempre dolce armonioso

sempre più dolce

116

dolcissimo

1 4 3 2 1 3

3 2

120

tr. *tr.* *ritenuto*

dolcissimo

pp

8 con Ped. una corda

(d'après F. Huber)

Allegretto

8 *p dolce*

6 *espr.* *tr*

11 *dolce* *f ben marcato* *p*

18

23 *poco rall.* *lunga pausa*

The musical score is written for piano and consists of five systems of music. The first system (measures 8-10) is marked 'Allegretto' and 'p dolce'. The second system (measures 11-13) is marked 'espr.' and 'tr'. The third system (measures 14-16) is marked 'dolce' and 'f ben marcato'. The fourth system (measures 17-19) is marked 'p'. The fifth system (measures 20-22) is marked 'poco rall.' and 'lunga pausa'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings. Some measures contain fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and trills (tr).

Tempo a capriccio

Un poco ritenuto

(Clochettes)

8

27

pp

(quasi corni) ten.

p sotto voce

con Ped.
una corda

31

ten.

tre corde

35

accel.

poco a poco più cresc.

40

molto rinforz.

ff

tr

*)  = Ruhepunkt, doch weniger, als eine Fermate.
(Liszt's Anmerkung)

*)  = Pause of less duration than a fermata (Liszt's own note)

Sans presser

45

fff marcatisimo con passione

8

3

51

Molto più animato, quasi presto

sempre f vibrato

8

3

55

3

60

poco a poco dim. - - - dim. molto

3

65

ritard.

pp

Più lento

dolce

3

Andantino con molto sentimento

9

mf accentuato assai rinforz. molto rinforz. *mf*

5

cantando espressivo

11

Allegro vivace

pp sempre dolcissimo

18

poco a poco cresc.

24

8

30 *mp un poco agitato*

35 *mp*

40 *mp sempre più agitato*

45 *mp sempre più cresc. ed agitato.*

50

Più animato

55 *f* sempre marcato ed allegramente

61

67

73

79 Un poco meno allegro

dolce scherzando
caratteristicamente

83

ten.

88

p semplice sempre marcato

92

poco rall. -

Più animato

96

f sempre marcato ed allegramente

102

108

8

114

120 *dolce, scherzando*

125 *ten.* *sempre p e*

129 *marcato*

133 *accelerando molto - - - - - rall. - - - - -*
rinforz.

138 *dolce pastorale* *sempre più dolce - - - - -*

141 *8*